

RESEARCH ACTIVITIES THAT MAY BE REVIEWED THROUGH EXPEDITED PROCEDURES

Research activities involving no more than minimal risk and in which the only involvement of human subjects will be in one or more of the following categories (carried out through standard methods) may be reviewed by the CPHS through the expedited review procedure authorized in 46. 110 of 45 CFR 46. Categories 3, 4, 5, and 6 must be performed by qualified and/or licensed professionals.

1. Ongoing or previously approved research, in which no change is proposed from previous submission to the CPHS.
2. Collection of: Hair and nail clippings, in a nondisfiguring manner; deciduous teeth; and permanent teeth if patient care indicates a need for extraction.
3. Collection of excreta and external secretions including sweat, uncannulated saliva, placenta removed at the time of rupture of the membrane prior to or during labor.
4. Recording of data from subjects 18 years of age or older using noninvasive procedures routinely employed in clinical practice. This includes the use of physical sensors that are applied to either the surface of the body or at a distance and do not involve input of matter or significant amounts of energy into the subject or an invasion of the subject's privacy. It also includes such procedures as weighing, testing sensory acuity, electrocardiography, electroencephalography, thermography, detection of naturally occurring radioactivity, diagnostic echography, and electroretinography. It does not include exposure to electromagnetic radiation outside the visible range (for example, x-rays, microwaves).
5. Collection of blood samples by venipuncture, in amounts not exceeding 450 milliliters in an eight-week period and no more often than two times per week, from subjects 18 years of age or older and who are in good health and not pregnant.
6. Collection of both supra- and subgingival dental plaque and calculus, provided the procedure is not more invasive than routine prophylactic scaling of the teeth and the process is accomplished in accordance with accepted prophylactic techniques.
7. Voice recording made for research purposes, such as investigations of speech defects.
8. Moderate exercise by healthy volunteers.
9. The study of existing data, documents, records, pathological specimens, or diagnostic specimens.
10. Research on individual or group behavior or characteristics of individuals, such as studies of perception, cognition, game theory, or test development, where the investigator does not manipulate subjects' behavior and the research will not involve stress to subjects.
11. Research on drugs or devices for which an investigational new drug exemption or an investigational device exemption is not required.